The Dilemma of TriHard Loss and an Element-Weighted TriHard Loss for Person Re-Identification

Yihao Lv, Youzhi Gu and Xinggao Liu

State Key Laboratory of Industry Control Technology College of Control Science and Engineering Zhejiang University Hangzhou 310027, P.R. China {lvyihao,gu youzhi,lxg}@zju.edu.cn

Supplementary materials

A. Distortion of feature normalization on Euclidean distance

As is shown in Fig.1, we take 2-dimensioal space as an example. $\vec{a}, \vec{p}, \vec{n}$ and $\vec{a'}, \vec{p'}, \vec{n'}$ are origin and normalized feature vectors of anchors, positive and negative samples. Therefore, $|\vec{a} - \vec{p}| \in [|\vec{a}| \sin \theta_1, +\infty), |\vec{a} - \vec{n}| \in [|\vec{a}| \sin \theta_2, +\infty)$ while $|\vec{a'} - \vec{p'}| = 2\gamma \sin \frac{\theta_1}{2}, |\vec{a'} - \vec{n'}| = 2\gamma \sin \frac{\theta_2}{2}$ ($\theta_1, \theta_2 \in [0, \pi]$). The relationship between $|\vec{a'} - \vec{p'}|$ and $|\vec{a'} - \vec{n'}|$ is determined by θ_1 and θ_2 but the relationship between $|\vec{a} - \vec{p}|$ and $|\vec{a} - \vec{n'}|$ is determined by θ_1 and θ_2 but the relationship between $|\vec{a} - \vec{p}|$ and $|\vec{a} - \vec{n}|$ is unsure in the original space. Feature normalization distorts the real relative Euclidean distance between feature vectors which is very important in triplet loss of metric learning.



Figure 1: Graphical representation of feature normalization

B. The results of series of EWTH losses with different value of t

Nulls in Table 1, 2, 3, 4 indicates the experiments under those values of t are not conducted. Therefore, there are 5 different values of t tested of each loss.

Table 1: Results of series of EWTH loss in BoT with different values of t on Market1501

Method	Values of t										
	0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		0.5		
	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	
BoT+EWTH BoT+NEWTH	87.7% 88.3%	94.9% 95.0%	87.7% 88.4%	95.0% 94.9%	87.3% 88.2%	94.6% 94.7%	87.1% 88.1%	94.7% 95.1%	86.9% 88.0%	95.0% 95.0%	

Table 2: Results of series of EWTH loss in BoT with different values of t on MSMT17

Method	Values of t										
	0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		0.5		
	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	
BoT+EWTH BoT+NEWTH	48.5% 49.7%	67.8% 67.8%	48.7% 49.5%	67.7% 68.1%	48.1% 49.7%	67.1% 68.1%	47.3% 49.4%	66.6% 67.4%	47.1% 49.0%	66.1% 67.1%	

Table 3: Results of series of EWTH loss in AGW with different values of t on Market1501

	Values of t										
Method	0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		0.5		
	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	
AGW+EWTH AGW+NEWTH	88.5% 89.0%	95.4% 95.6%	88.4% 89.1%	95.0% 95.1%	88.5% 89.4%	95.3% 95.6%	88.0% 89.1%	95.3% 95.5%	87.8% 88.7%	95.2% 95.2%	

Table 4: Results of series of EWTH loss in AGW with different values of t on MSMT17

Method	Values of t									
	0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		0.5	
	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1	mAP	rank-1
AGW+EWTH AGW+NEWTH	49.9% 53.1%	69.7% 71.5%	50.0% 51.8%	69.4% 70.1%	49.6% 52.8%	68.9% 71.0%	50.4% 52.2%	69.4% 70.6%	49.1% 50.4%	68.5% 69.7%